

## GeneQuery™ Human Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) qPCR Array Kit (GQH-ALS) Catalog #GK004

### **Product Description**

ScienCell's GeneQuery<sup>™</sup> Human Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) qPCR array kit (GQH-ALS) is designed to facilitate gene expression profiling of key genes involved in human Amyotrophic Latral Sclerosis (ALS). 88 genes are selected in this kit based on database and literature research.

GeneQuery<sup>TM</sup> qPCR array kits are qPCR ready in a 96-well plate format, with each well containing one primer set that can specifically recognize and efficiently amplify a target gene's cDNA. The carefully designed primers ensure that: (i) the optimal annealing temperature in qPCR analysis is  $65^{\circ}$ C (with 2 mM Mg<sup>2+</sup>, and no DMSO); (ii) the primer set recognizes all known transcript variants of target gene, unless otherwise indicated; and (iii) only one gene is amplified. Each primer set has been validated by qPCR with melt curve analysis, and gel electrophoresis.

### GeneQuery<sup>TM</sup> qPCR Array Kit Controls

Each GeneQuery<sup>™</sup> plate contains eight controls (Figure 1).

- Five target housekeeping genes ( $\beta$ -actin, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH), which enable normalization of data.
- The Genomic DNA (gDNA) Control (GDC) detects possible gDNA contamination in the cDNA samples. It contains a primer set targeting a non-transcribed region of the genome.
- Positive PCR Control (PPC) tests whether samples contain inhibitors or other factors that may negatively affect gene expression results. The PPC consists of a predispensed synthetic DNA template and a primer set that can amplify it. The sequence of the DNA template is not present in the human genome, and thus tests the efficiency of the polymerase chain reaction itself.
- The No Template Control (NTC) is strongly recommended, and can be used to monitor the DNA contamination introduced during the workflow such as reagents, tips, and the lab bench.

### **Kit Components**

Component	Quantity	Storage
GeneQuery <sup>TM</sup> array plate with lyophilized primers	1	$4^{\circ}$ C or $-20^{\circ}$ C
Optical PCR plate seal	1	RT
Nuclease-free H <sub>2</sub> O	2 mL	4°C

### Additional Materials Required (Materials Not Included in Kit)

Component	Recommended
Reverse transcriptase	MultiScribe Reverse Transcriptase (Life Tech, Cat. #4311235)
cDNA template	Customers' samples

qPCR master mix FastStart Essent	DNA Green Master (Roch	e, Cat. #06402712001)
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### **Quality Control**

All the primer sets are validated by qPCR with melt curve analysis. The PCR products are analyzed by gel electrophoresis. Single band amplification is confirmed for each set of primers.

### **Product Use**

GQH-ALS is for research use only. It is not approved for human or animal use, or for application in clinical or *in vitro* diagnostic procedures.

### **Shipping and Storage**

The product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, the plate should be stored at  $4^{\circ}$ C and is good for up to 12 months. For long-term storage (>1 year), store the plate at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer.

### Procedures

Note: The primers in each well are lyophilized.

- 1. Prior to use, allow plates to warm to room temperature.
- 2. Briefly centrifuge at 1,500x g for 1 minute before slowly peeling off the seal.
- 3. Prepare 20 µl PCR reactions for one well as shown in Table 1.

Table 1		
cDNA template		0.2 – 250 ng
2x qPCR master mix		10 µl
Nuclease-free H <sub>2</sub> O		variable
	Total volume	20 µl

*Important: Only* use polymerases with hot-start capability to prevent possible primerdimer formation. *Only* use nuclease-free reagents in PCR amplification.

4. Add the mixture of 2x qPCR master mix, cDNA template, and nuclease-free H<sub>2</sub>O to each well containing the lyophilized primers. Seal the plate with the provided optical PCR plate seal.

# Important: In NTC control well, do NOT add cDNA template. Add 2x qPCR master mix and nuclease-free H2O only.

- 5. Briefly centrifuge the plates at 1,500x g for 1 minute at room temperature. For maximum reliability, replicates are strongly recommended (minimum of 3).
- 6. For PCR program setup, please refer to the instructions of the master mix of the user's choice. We recommend a typical 3-step qPCR protocol for a 200nt amplicon:

Step	Temperature	Time	Number of cycles
Initial denaturation	95°C	10 min	1
Denaturation	95°C	20 sec	
Annealing	65°C	20 sec	40
Extension	72°C	20 sec	40
Data acquisition	Plat	e read	
Recommended	Melting curve analysis		1
Hold	4°C	Indefinite	1

Three-step cycling protocol

7. (Optional) Load the PCR products on 1.5% agarose gel and perform electrophoresis to confirm the single band amplification in each well.

Figure 1. Layout of GeneQuery<sup>™</sup> qPCR array kit controls.

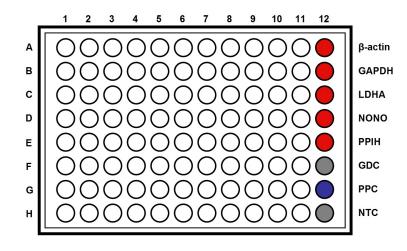
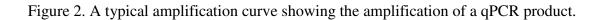


Table 2. Interpretation of control results:

Controls	Results	Interpretation	Suggestions
Housekeeping gene controls	Variability of a housekeeping gene's Cq value	The expression of the housekeeping gene is variable in samples; cycling program is incorrect	Choose a constantly expressed target, or analyze expression levels of multiple housekeeping genes; use correct cycling program and make sure that all cycle parameters have been correctly entered
gDNA Control (GDC)	$Cq \ge 35$	No gDNA detected	N/A
	Cq < 35	The sample is contaminated with gDNA	Perform DNase digestion during RNA purification step
Positive PCR Control (PPC)	Cq > 30; or The Cq variations > 2 between qPCR Arrays.	Poor PCR performance; possible PCR inhibitor in reactions; cycling program incorrect	Eliminate inhibitor by purifying samples; use correct cycling program and make sure that all cycle parameters have been correctly entered
No Template Control (NTC)	Positive	DNA contamination in workflow	Eliminate sources of DNA contamination (reagents, plastics, etc.)



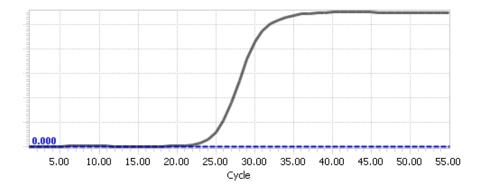
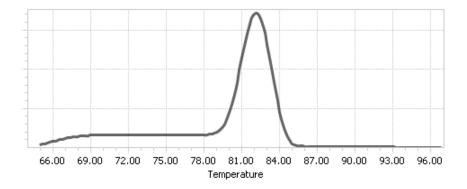


Figure 3. A typical melting peak of a qPCR product.



### Quantification Method: Comparative $\Delta\Delta Cq$ (Quantification Cycle Value) Method

1. **Note:** Please refer to your qPCR instrument's data analysis software for data analysis. The method provided here serves as guidance for quick manual calculations.

You can use one or more housekeeping genes as a reference to normalize samples.

*Important:* We highly recommend using all 5 housekeeping genes included in this kit,  $\beta$ -actin, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH.

2. For a single housekeeping gene,  $\Delta Cq$  (ref) is the quantification cycle number change for that housekeeping gene (HKG) between an experimental sample and control sample.

 $\Delta Cq$  (ref) = Cq (HKG, experimental sample) - Cq (HKG, control sample)

When using multiple housekeeping genes as a reference, we recommend normalizing using the geometric mean [1] of the expression level change, which is the same as normalizing using the arithmetic mean of  $\Delta$ Cq of the selected housekeeping genes.

 $\Delta Cq$  (ref) = average ( $\Delta Cq$  (HKG1),  $\Delta Cq$  (HKG2),....,  $\Delta Cq$  (HKG n)) (n is the number of housekeeping genes selected)

If using all 5 housekeeping genes included in this kit,  $\beta$ -actin, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH, use the following formula:

 $\Delta Cq (ref) = (\Delta Cq(\beta - actin) + \Delta Cq(GAPDH) + \Delta Cq(LDHA) + \Delta Cq(NONO) + \Delta Cq(PPIH)) / 5$ 

*Note:*  $\Delta Cq$  (HKG) = Cq (HKG, experimental sample) - Cq (HKG, control sample), and  $\Delta Cq$  (HKG) value can be positive, 0, or negative.

3. For any of your genes of interest (GOI),

 $\Delta Cq$  (GOI) = Cq (GOI, experimental sample) - Cq (GOI, control sample)

 $\Delta\Delta Cq = \Delta Cq (GOI) - \Delta Cq (ref)$ 

Normalized GOI expression level fold change =  $2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq}$ 

### References

[1] Vandesompele J, De Preter K, Pattyn F, Poppe B, Van Roy N, De Paepe A, Speleman F. (2002) "Accurate normalization of real-time quantitative RT-PCR data by geometric averaging of multiple internal control genes." *Genome Biol.* 3(7): 1-12.

#### **Example:** Comparative $\Delta\Delta Cq$ (Quantification Cycle Value) Method

Table 3. Cq (Quantification Cycle) values of 2 genes-of-interest and 5 housekeeping genes obtained for experimental and control samples.

	Genes of Interest			Housekeeping Genes			
Samples	GOI1	GOI2	β-actin	GAPDH	LDHA	NONO	PPIH
Experimental	21.61	22.19	17.16	17.84	20.12	19.64	26.40
Control	33.13	26.47	18.20	18.48	20.57	19.50	26.55

$$\begin{split} \Delta Cq \ (ref) &= (\Delta Cq(\beta \text{-actin}) + \Delta Cq(GAPDH) + \Delta Cq(LDHA) + \Delta Cq(NONO) + \Delta Cq(PPIH)) \ /5 \\ &= ((17.16 \text{-} 18.20) + (17.84 \text{-} 18.48) + (20.12 \text{-} 20.57) + (19.64 \text{-} 19.50) + (26.40 \text{-} 26.55)) \ /5 \\ &= -0.43 \end{split}$$

 $\Delta Cq (GOI1) = 21.61 - 33.13$ = -11.52

 $\Delta Cq (GOI2) = 22.19 - 26.47$ = -4.28

 $\Delta\Delta Cq (GOI1) = \Delta Cq (GOI1) - \Delta Cq (ref)$ = -11.52 - (-0.43) = -11.09

 $\Delta\Delta Cq (GOI2) = \Delta Cq (GOI2) - \Delta Cq (ref)$ = -4.28 - (-0.43) = -3.85

Normalized GOI1 expression level fold change =  $2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq (GOI1)}$ =  $2^{11.09}$ = 2180 Normalized GOI2 expression level fold change =  $2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq (GOI2)}$ 

 $= 2^{3.85}$ = 14.4

*Conclusion:* Upon treatment, expression level of GOI1 increased 2,180 fold, and expression level of GOI2 increased 14.4 fold.



## GeneQuery™ Human Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) qPCR Array Kit (GQH-ALS) Catalog #GK004

GeneQuery<sup>TM</sup> Human Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS) qPCR Array Plate Layout\* (8 controls in Bold and Italic)

-	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	ALS2	BCL2	CCS	ERBB4	GRIN2A	LIPC	MAPK14	PPP3CA	HNRNPA2B1	SQSTM1	TOMM40L	β-actin
В	ALS17	BCL2L1	CHCHD10	FGGY	GRIN2B	LMNB1	MATR3	PPP3CB	SETX	TAF15	UBQLN2	GAPDH
С	ALS18	BID	CHGB	FIG4	GRIN2C	MAGI2	NEFH	PPP3CC	SIGMAR1	TARDBP	UNC13A	LDHA
D	ALSFTD	CASP1	CYCS	FUS	GRIN2D	MAP2K6	NEFL	PPP3R1	SLC1A2	TBK1	VAPB	NONO
Е	APAF1	CASP12	DAXX	GPX1	GRN	MAP3K5	NEFM	PPP3R2	SOD1	TNF	VCP	PPIH
F	ATXN2	CASP3	DCTN1	GRIA1	HNRNPA1	MAPK11	NOS1	PRPH1	SPAST	TNFRSF1A	VEGFA	GDC
G	BAD	CASP9	DERL1	GRIA2	IL18RAP	MAPK12	OPTN	PRPH2	SPG11	TNFRSF1B	VPS45	PPC
Н	BAX	CAT	ELP3	GRIN1	ITPR2	MAPK13	PON2	RAC1	SPG20	TOMM40	VPS54	NTC

\* gene selection may be updated based on new research and development

# Plate type A

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
ABI / Life Tech	ABI 5700	GK004-A
	ABI 7000	GK004-A
	ABI 7300	GK004-A
	ABI 7500	GK004-A
	ABI 7700	GK004-A
	ABI 7900 HT	GK004-A
	QuantStudio	GK004-A
	ViiA 7	GK004-A
Bio-Rad	Chromo4	GK004-A
	iCycler	GK004-A
	iQ5	GK004-A
	MyiQ	GK004-A
	MyiQ2	GK004-A
Eppendorf / Life Tech	Matercycler ep realplex 2	GK004-A
	Matercycler ep realplex 4	GK004-A
Stratagene	MX3000P	GK004-A
	MX3005P	GK004-A

## Plate type B

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
ABI / Life Tech	ABI 7500 Fast	GK004-B
	ABI 7900 HT Fast	GK004-B
	QuantStudio Fast	GK004-B
	StepOnePlus	GK004-B
	ViiA 7 Fast	GK004-B
Bio-Rad	CFX Connect	GK004-B
	CFX96	GK004-B
	DNA Engine Opticon 2	GK004-B
Stratagene	MX4000	GK004-B

# Plate type C

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
Roche	Lightcycler 96	GK004-C
	Lightcycler 480 (96-well)	GK004-C