

GeneQuery™ Human Phagocytosis qPCR Array Kit (GQH-PHG)

Catalog #GK038

Product Description

ScienCell's GeneQueryTM Human Phagocytosis qPCR Array Kit (GQH-HFT) is designed to facilitate gene expression profiling of 88 key genes involved in phagocytosis during apoptosis or the immune response. Brief examples of how included genes may be grouped according to function are shown below:

- Apoptotic phagocytosis: MSR1, RAB22A, ITGB3, MARCO, PTGES2
- Immune responsive phagocytosis: FGR, SYK, LYN, ARHGAP1, MARCKS
- Necrosis detection: TLR2, TLR5, TLR6, IL1R1, SARM1
- Protein digestion: CTSB, CTSA, VAMP4, ANPEP, FTH1
- Lipid digestion and storage: CLN5, LPL, LRP12, NPC2

GeneQueryTM qPCR array kits are qPCR ready in a 96-well plate format, with each well containing one primer set that recognizes and efficiently amplifies a specific target gene's cDNA. The carefully designed primers ensure that: (i) the optimal annealing temperature in qPCR analysis is 65°C (with 2 mM Mg²⁺ and no DMSO); (ii) the primer set recognizes all known transcript variants of the target gene, unless otherwise noted; and (iii) only one gene is amplified. Each primer set has been validated by qPCR with melt curve analysis and gel electrophoresis.

GeneQueryTM qPCR Array Kit Controls

Each GeneQueryTM plate contains eight controls (Figure 1):

- Five target housekeeping genes (β-actin, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH), which enable normalization of data.
- The Genomic DNA (gDNA) Control (GDC), which detects gDNA contamination in cDNA samples. This primer set targets a non-transcribed region of the genome.
- Positive PCR Control (PPC), which tests whether samples contain inhibitors or other
 factors that may negatively affect gene expression results. The PPC consists of a
 predispensed synthetic DNA template and a primer set that can amplify it. The sequence
 of the DNA template is not present in the human genome and thus tests the efficiency of
 the polymerase chain reaction itself.
- The No Template Control (NTC), which can be used to monitor DNA contamination introduced during workflow (e.g. from such sources as reagents, tips, and the lab bench).

Kit Components

Component	Quantity	Storage
GeneQuery [™] array plate with lyophilized primers	1	4°C or -20°C
Optical PCR plate seal	1	RT
Nuclease-free H ₂ O	2 mL	4°C

Additional Materials Required (Materials Not Included in Kit)

Component Recommended	
Reverse transcriptase	MultiScribe Reverse Transcriptase (Life Tech, Cat. #4311235)
cDNA template	Customers' samples
qPCR master mix	FastStart Essential DNA Green Master (Roche, Cat. #06402712001)

Quality Control

All primer sets are validated by qPCR with melt curve analysis and analyzed by gel electrophoresis. Single band amplification is confirmed for each set of primers.

Product Use

GQH-ANG is for research use only. It is not approved for human or animal use or for application in clinical or *in vitro* diagnostic procedures.

Shipping and Storage

This product is shipped at ambient temperature. Upon receipt, the plate should be stored at 4°C and is good for up to 12 months. For long-term storage (>1 year), store at -20°C in a manual defrost freezer.

Note: The primers in each well are lyophilized.

- 1. Prior to use, allow plates to warm to room temperature.
- 2. Briefly centrifuge at 1,500x g for 1 minute before slowly peeling off the seal.
- 3. Prepare 20 µl PCR reactions for one well as shown in Table 1.

Table 1

cDNA template	0.2 – 250 ng
2x qPCR master mix	10 μl
Nuclease-free H ₂ O	variable
Total volume	20 μl

Important: Only use polymerases with hot-start capability to prevent possible primer-dimer formation. *Only* use nuclease-free reagents in PCR amplification.

4. Add the mixture of 2x qPCR master mix, cDNA template, and nuclease-free H₂O to each well containing the lyophilized primers. Seal the plate with the provided optical PCR plate seal.

Important: In NTC control well, do NOT add cDNA template. Add 2x qPCR master mix and nuclease-free H2O only.

- 5. Briefly centrifuge the plates at 1,500x g for 1 minute at room temperature. For maximum reliability, replicates are strongly recommended (minimum of 3).
- 6. For PCR program setup, please refer to the instructions of the master mix of the user's choice. We recommend a typical 3-step qPCR protocol for a 200nt amplicon:

Three-step cycling protocol

Step	Temperature	Time	Number of cycles
Initial denaturation	95°C	10 min	1
Denaturation	95°C	20 sec	
Annealing	65°C	20 sec	40
Extension	72°C	20 sec	40
Data acquisition	Plate read		
Recommended	Melting curve analysis		1
Hold	4°C Indefinite		1

7. (Optional) Load the PCR products on 1.5% agarose gel and perform electrophoresis to confirm the single band amplification in each well.

Figure 1. Layout of GeneQueryTM qPCR array kit controls.

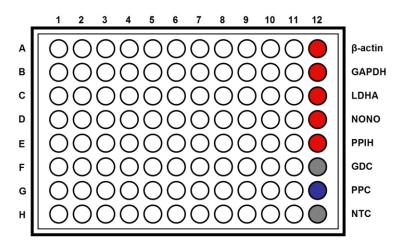


Table 2. Interpretation of control results:

Controls	Results	Interpretation	Suggestions
Housekeeping gene controls	Variability of a housekeeping gene's Cq value	The expression of the housekeeping gene is variable in samples; cycling program is incorrect	Choose a constantly expressed target, or analyze expression levels of multiple housekeeping genes; use correct cycling program and make sure that all cycle parameters have been correctly entered
gDNA Control (GDC)	Cq ≥ 35	No gDNA detected	N/A
	Cq < 35	The sample is contaminated with gDNA	Perform DNase digestion during RNA purification step
Positive PCR Control (PPC)	Cq > 30; or The Cq variations > 2 between qPCR Arrays.	Poor PCR performance; possible PCR inhibitor in reactions; cycling program incorrect	Eliminate inhibitor by purifying samples; use correct cycling program and make sure that all cycle parameters have been correctly entered
No Template Control (NTC)	Positive	DNA contamination in workflow	Eliminate sources of DNA contamination (reagents, plastics, etc.)

Figure 2. A typical amplification curve showing the amplification of a qPCR product.

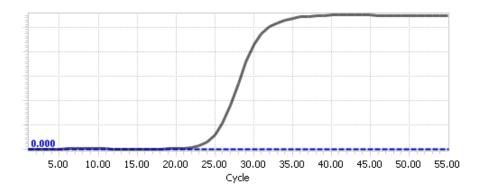
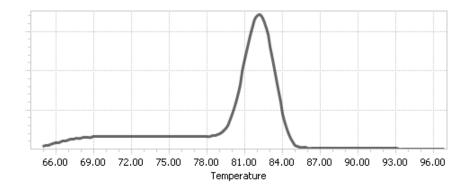


Figure 3. A typical melting peak of a qPCR product.



Quantification Method: Comparative ΔΔCq (Quantification Cycle Value) Method

1. **Note:** Please refer to your qPCR instrument's data analysis software for data analysis. The method provided here serves as guidance for quick manual calculations.

You can use one or more housekeeping genes as a reference to normalize samples.

Important: We highly recommend using all 5 housekeeping genes included in this kit, β -actin, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH.

2. For a single housekeeping gene, Δ Cq (ref) is the quantification cycle number change for that housekeeping gene (HKG) between an experimental sample and control sample.

$$\Delta$$
Cq (ref) = Cq (HKG, experimental sample) - Cq (HKG, control sample)

When using multiple housekeeping genes as a reference, we recommend normalizing using the geometric mean [1] of the expression level change, which is the same as normalizing using the arithmetic mean of ΔCq of the selected housekeeping genes.

 ΔCq (ref) = average (ΔCq (HKG1), ΔCq (HKG2),....., ΔCq (HKG n)) (n is the number of housekeeping genes selected)

If using all 5 housekeeping genes included in this kit, β -actin, GAPDH, LDHA, NONO, and PPIH, use the following formula:

$$\Delta$$
Cq (ref) = $(\Delta$ Cq(β -actin)+ Δ Cq(GAPDH)+ Δ Cq(LDHA)+ Δ Cq(NONO)+ Δ Cq(PPIH)) /5

Note: Δ Cq (HKG) = Cq (HKG, experimental sample) - Cq (HKG, control sample), and Δ Cq (HKG) value can be positive, 0, or negative.

3. For any of your genes of interest (GOI),

$$\Delta$$
Cq (GOI) = Cq (GOI, experimental sample) - Cq (GOI, control sample)

$$\Delta\Delta Cq = \Delta Cq (GOI) - \Delta Cq (ref)$$

Normalized GOI expression level fold change = $2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq}$

References

[1] Vandesompele J, De Preter K, Pattyn F, Poppe B, Van Roy N, De Paepe A, Speleman F. (2002) "Accurate normalization of real-time quantitative RT-PCR data by geometric averaging of multiple internal control genes." *Genome Biol.* 3(7): 1-12.

Example: Comparative ΔΔCq (Quantification Cycle Value) Method

Table 3. Cq (Quantification Cycle) values of 2 genes-of-interest and 5 housekeeping genes obtained for experimental and control samples.

Genes of Interest	Housekeeping Genes

Samples	GOI1	GOI2	β-actin	GAPDH	LDHA	NONO	PPIH
Experimental	21.61	22.19	17.16	17.84	20.12	19.64	26.40
Control	33.13	26.47	18.20	18.48	20.57	19.50	26.55

$$\Delta Cq \ (ref) = (\Delta Cq(\beta \text{-actin}) + \Delta Cq(GAPDH) + \Delta Cq(LDHA) + \Delta Cq(NONO) + \Delta Cq(PPIH)) \ /5$$

$$= ((17.16 \text{-} 18.20) + (17.84 \text{-} 18.48) + (20.12 \text{-} 20.57) + (19.64 \text{-} 19.50) + (26.40 \text{-} 26.55)) \ /5$$

$$= -0.43$$

$$\Delta$$
Cq (GOI1) = 21.61 - 33.13
= -11.52

$$\Delta$$
Cq (GOI2) = 22.19 - 26.47
= -4.28

$$\Delta\Delta$$
Cq (GOI1) = Δ Cq (GOI1) - Δ Cq (ref)
= -11.52 - (-0.43)
= -11.09

$$\Delta\Delta Cq (GOI2) = \Delta Cq (GOI2) - \Delta Cq (ref)$$

$$= -4.28 - (-0.43)$$

$$= -3.85$$

Normalized GOI1 expression level fold change =
$$2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq \text{ (GOI1)}}$$

= $2^{11.09}$
= 2180

Normalized GOI2 expression level fold change =
$$2^{-\Delta\Delta Cq \text{ (GOI2)}}$$

= $2^{3.85}$
= 14.4

Conclusion: Upon treatment, expression level of GOI1 increased 2,180 fold, and expression level of GOI2 increased 14.4 fold.



$Gene Query^{TM} \ Human \ Phagocytosis \ qPCR \ Array \ Kit \\ (GQH-PHG)$

Catalog #GK038

GeneQueryTM Human Phagocytosis qPCR Array Plate Layout* (8 controls in Bold and Italic)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Α	ACTB	CALM1	CTSB	DNM1	GAPVD1	ITGB3	MARCO	NOX1	RAB1A	RABGEF1	TLR2	β-actin
В	ACTG1	CALR	CTSA	EDEM2	HMOX2	KLC1	MRC1	NOXA1	RAB22A	RAC1	TLR3	GAPDH
С	ANPEP	CAMK1	CTSB	FCGR1A	IL12A	LAMP1	MRC2	NPC2	RAB33A	RAP1A	TLR4	LDHA
D	ANXA1	CCL2	CTSH	FCGR2B	IL12B	LAMP2	MSR1	PIK3R1	RAB4A	RILP	TLR5	NONO
Ε	ANXA2	CD14	CTSS	FCGR3A	IL1B	LPL	MYL2	PPARG	RAB5A	SARM1	TLR6	PPIH
F	ANXA4	CD36	CXCL2	FCGR3B	IL1R1	LRP12	NAGK	PRKCA	RAB5B	SYK	TNF	GDC
G	ARHGAP1	CLN5	CXCL8	FGR	IL6	LYN	NFKB1	PTGES2	RAB7A	TLN1	VAMP4	PPC
Н	BLVRB	CR1	DCTN1	FTH1	ITGAV	MARCKS	NFKB2	RAB14	RAB9A	TLN2	VCL	NTC

^{*}gene selection may be updated based on new research and development

Plate type A

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
ABI / Life Tech	ABI 5700	GK038-A
	ABI 7000	GK038-A
	ABI 7300	GK038-A
	ABI 7500	GK038-A
	ABI 7700	GK038-A
	ABI 7900 HT	GK038-A
	QuantStudio	GK038-A
	ViiA 7	GK038-A
Bio-Rad	Chromo4	GK038-A
	iCycler	GK038-A
	iQ5	GK038-A
	MyiQ	GK038-A
	MyiQ2	GK038-A
Eppendorf / Life Tech	Matercycler ep realplex 2	GK038-A
''	Matercycler ep realplex 4	GK038-A
Stratagene	MX3000P	GK038-A
3	MX3005P	GK038-A

Plate type B

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
ABI / Life Tech	ABI 7500 Fast	GK038-B
	ABI 7900 HT Fast	GK038-B
	QuantStudio Fast	GK038-B
	StepOnePlus	GK038-B
	ViiA 7 Fast	GK038-B
Bio-Rad	CFX Connect CFX96	GK038-B GK038-B
	DNA Engine Opticon 2	GK038-B
Stratagene	MX4000	GK038-B

Plate type C

Brand	Model	kit catalog #
Roche	Lightcycler 96	GK038-C
	Lightcycler 480 (96-well)	GK038-C